



# National Seminar on Role of Standards in Promotion of Technical Textiles

30, November 2011  
Federation House, Tansen Marg, New Delhi



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Formation of standards is the need of the hour for technical textiles in the country. Standards of technical textiles are required for providing better hygiene, health care services, safety, sustainable environment and also for the inclusive growth of the economy. Since technical textiles find applications in number of sectors like agriculture, industry, environment etc standardization of these products is important for the society as a whole.

- Technical Textiles are important as they are critical for health and hygiene, infrastructure development, social responsibility, security of nation and food security.
- Technical textiles is a high priority area and Government has taken many initiatives to support and develop this sector. Government has created eight Centers of Excellence (COE) to cater to the different areas of technical textiles on Meditex, Geotex, Agrotex, Protex, Nonwovens, Composites, Indutex and Sportex which are working in the area of standards also with BIS. Recently, Government has launched the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles (TMTT) for technology upgradation and to promote technical textiles in the country and formulation of standards for this sector is an important component of this mission.
- Lack of standards remain the biggest impediment for the technical textiles sector in the country. Usage of technical textiles in the country is restricted by non-availability of standards. Standards need to be formulated urgently for Meditex, Protex, Geotex, Buildtex, Agrotex, Nonwovens, Composites, Indutex and other segments. To brainstorm on these issues, FICCI, in partnership with Ministry of Textiles and Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) is organizing a National Seminar on “Role of Standards in Promotion of Technical Textiles” on 30 November 2011. Mrs Rita Menon, Secretary, Ministry of Textiles will inaugurate the seminar.



## Objectives of the Seminar

- To deliberate on Standards which need to be set urgently for Meditex, Protex, Geotex, Buildtex, Agrotex, Indutex, Nonwovens and Composites
- To make industry and standard setting bodies understand user perspective
- Benchmarking Indian standards with global standards

## Who Should Attend?

- Hospitals
- Defence
- Hotels, Malls and Multiplexes
- Airlines
- Civil Engineers
- Construction companies
- Marine Engineers
- PWD departments
- Municipalities
- Engineering Institutes
- Farmers and Co-operative Societies
- Oil & Gas sector
- Chemical suppliers
- Logistics & warehousing companies
- Manufacturers/traders of technical textiles
- Raw material suppliers to technical textiles industry
- Regulatory and specification agencies like Indian Road Congress, CRRI, Directorate General of Health Services, NHAI etc
- Testing labs
- Textile Research Institutes/ Textile Research Association (TRAs)
- Government Textiles Departments
- Government Health Departments
- Government Home Departments
- Government Fire Departments
- Government Roads & Highways Department

## Tentative Agenda

- Inaugural Session
- Standards for Meditex and Protex - Ensuring Health, Hygiene & Safety
- Standards on Geotex, Buildtex & Non-wovens- For Sustainable Environment & Infrastructure Development
- Standards on Agrotex, Indutex and Composites- For Ensuring Sustainable Agriculture & Industry Development



# MINISTRY OF TEXTILES, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

The Ministry of Textiles is responsible for policy formulation, planning, development, export promotion and trade regulation of the textiles sector. Technical textile is one of the thrust areas for the Government of India because of the functional properties provided by it to various sectors of the economy. The Government has taken many initiatives, such as implementing a Scheme for the Growth and Development of Technical Textiles (SGDTT), inclusion of major machinery for technical textiles under modified TUFs for 10% capital subsidy. Furthermore, recently, it has launched the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles (TMTT). The Ministry also oversees the activities of Textiles Research Associations and Centres of Excellence (COES) for technical textiles and also lends financial support to them for undertaking Research and Development.

## FICCI

Established in 1927, FICCI is the largest and oldest apex business organisation in India. Its history is closely interwoven with India's struggle for independence and its subsequent emergence as one of the most rapidly growing economies globally. FICCI plays a leading role in policy debates that are at the forefront of social, economic and political change.

### **Voice of Industry**

A non-government, not-for-profit organisation, FICCI is the voice of India's business and industry. FICCI has direct membership from the private as well as public sectors, including SMEs and MNCs, and an indirect membership of over 83,000 companies from regional chambers of commerce.

### **Work closely with Government**

Works closely with the government on policy issues, enhancing efficiency, competitiveness and expanding business opportunities for industry through a range of specialised services and global linkages. It also provides a platform for sector specific consensus building and networking.

### **Global Partnerships**

Partnerships with 77 countries across the world carry forward our initiatives in inclusive development, which encompass health, education, livelihood, governance, skill development, etc. FICCI serves as the first port of call for Indian industry and the international business community.

## BIS

The Indian Standards Institution (ISI) was, set up in 1947 as a registered society, under a Government of India resolution. It gave the nation the standards it needed for nationalization, orderly industrial and commercial growth, quality production and competitive efficiency. However, in 1986 the government recognized the need for strengthening this National Standards Body due to fast changing socio-economic scenario and according it a statutory status. Thus came the Bureau of Indian Standards Act 1986 and on 1 April 1987, newly formed BIS took over staff assets, liabilities and functions of erstwhile ISI. Through this change over, the Government envisaged building of the climate of quality culture and consciousness and greater participation of consumers in formulation and implementation of National Standards. The Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS), the national standards body of India, resolves to be the leader in all matters concerning Standardization, Certification and Quality.

**For Further Details and Queries Please Contact:**

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### CONFIRMATION PROFORMA

Name of the Organization .....

Address.....

City/State.....

Postal Code.....

Phone (With Code).....

Fax (With Code).....

Following representative(s) from our Organization would like to be registered for the Seminar:

Name in Full	Designation	Telephone/ Mobile	E-mail

**Please send the filled up form to:**

**Ms Nisha Goel**

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