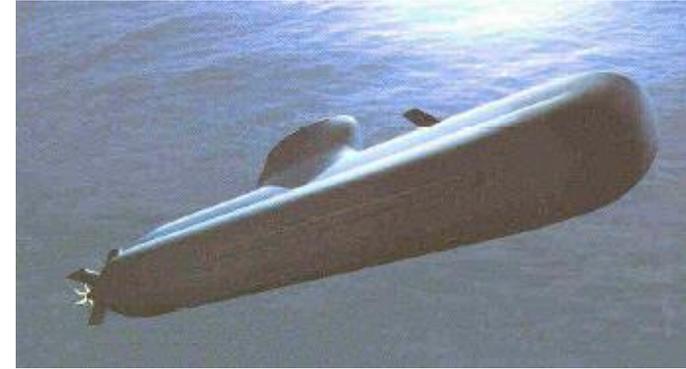




# IN-FICCI SEMINAR



## AIP Technologies/Stored Energy Devices

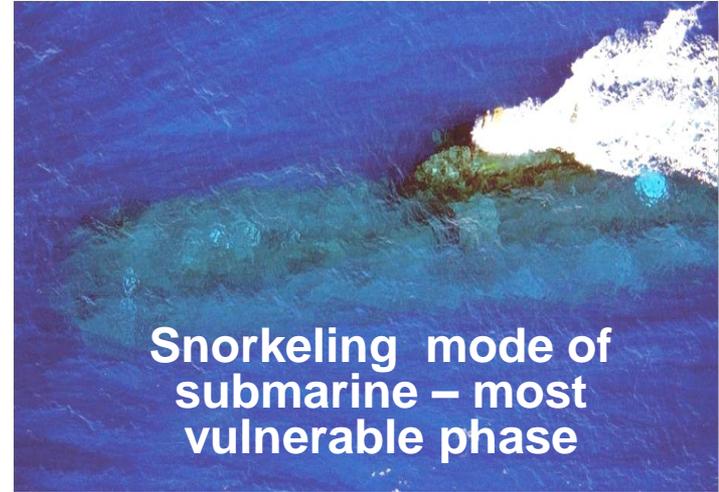
M PATRI

Naval Materials Research Laboratory  
Ambernath-421506

N  
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R  
L

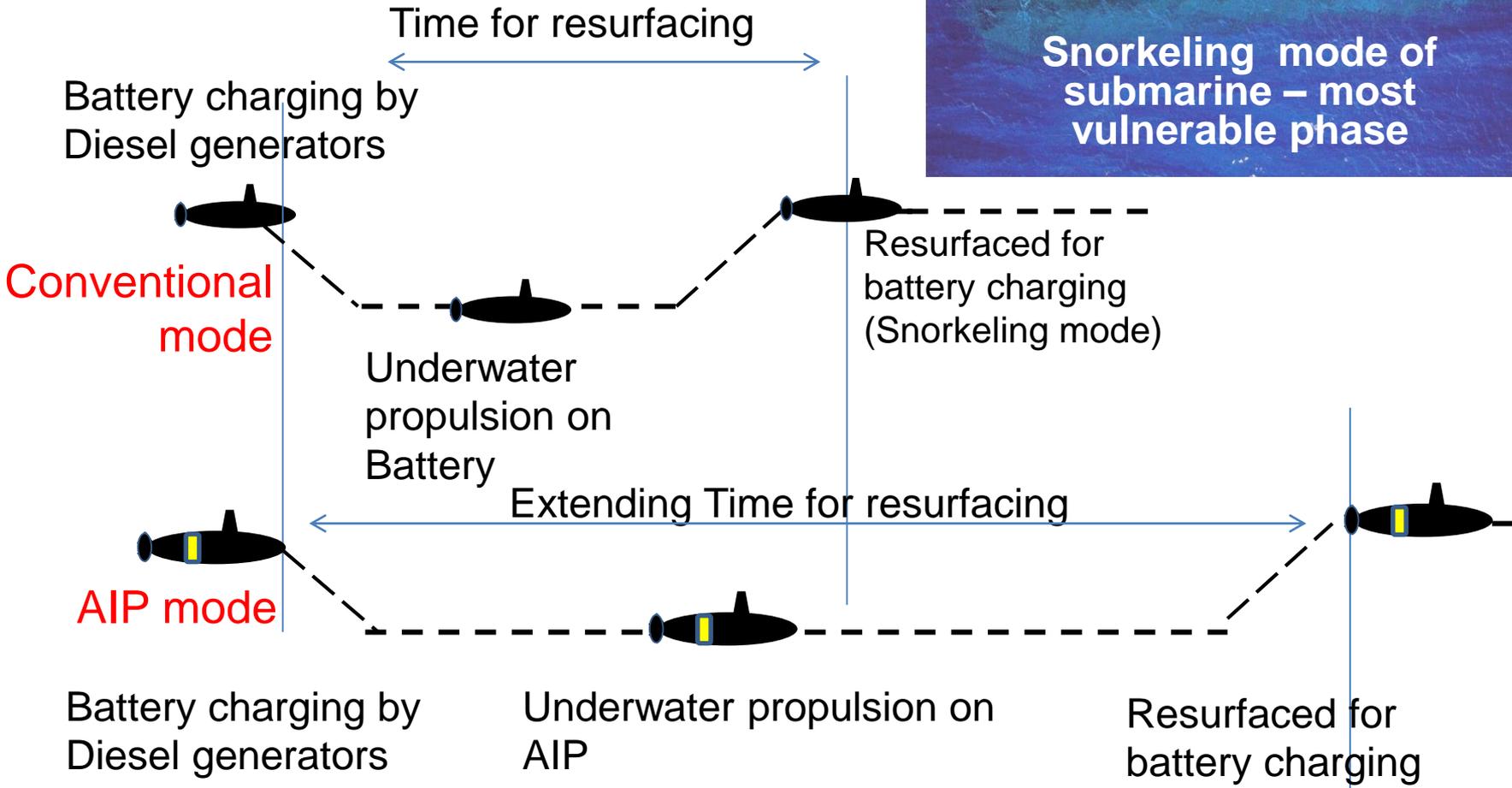


# Air independent propulsion (AIP) for Diesel-electric class of Submarines



Snorkeling mode of submarine – most vulnerable phase

N  
M  
R  
L



**AIP : Additional power plant added to the Diesel-Electric submarine for extending the underwater endurance**



## The AIP .....

**N**

➤ It is a non-nuclear alternative

**M**

➤ Longer endurance under submerged condition by supplementing the lead acid batteries

**R**

**L**

➤ Provides higher stealth (acoustic silence) characteristics underwater

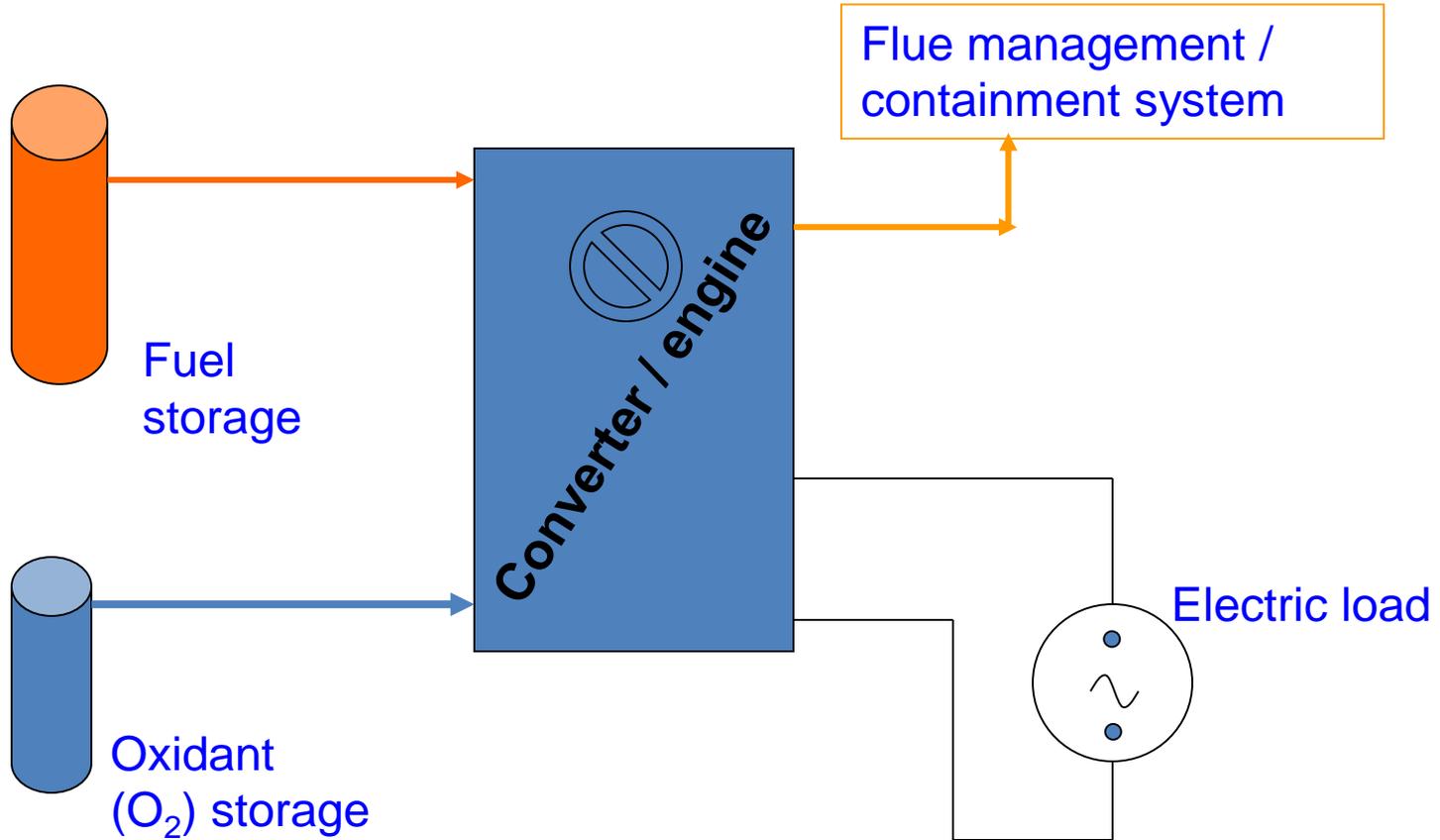
➤ Reduces the risk of exposure by avoiding frequent surfacing





# How AIP works.....

N  
M  
R  
L



Objective :- to preserve battery power while underwater



# Comparison of global AIP technologies

N

M

R

L

- Closed cycle Diesel (CCD) – **Russia** – (\*\*\*\*\*)
  - Noisy, discarded by the modern Navy
- Steam alternator MESMA – **France** (\*\*\*\*\*)
  - Noisy, exported to Pakistan Navy
- Sterling engine – **Sweden** {\*\*\*\*\*}
  - Adopted in Kockum class and technology exported to China
- Fuel cell system {\*\*\*\*\*}
  - Metal hydride / PEMFC – **Germany** (used by many countries)
  - Diesel reformer/ AFC – **Russia** – prototype level
  - Diesel reformer / PEMFC – **France | Spain** – prototype level
  - Borohydride / PAFC – **DRDO India** – prototype level(advanced)



(\*\*\*\*\* Ratings based on AIP efficiency, low signature and safety)



# Selection of Hydrogen-Oxygen Fuel Cells...a trade off

Fuel Cell Types	Efficiency	Life	Size	Reactant quality required
Alkaline Fuel Cells (AFC)	High ✓	Poor ✗ < 2000 hrs	medium ✓	Ultra high purity ✗
Polymer Electrolyte Fuel cells (PEMFC)	Medium ✓	Medium ✗ < 5000 hrs	small ✓	High purity ✗
Phosphoric Acid Fuel Cells (PAFC)	Medium ✓	High > 45000 hrs ✓	big ✗	Low purity ✓
Solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC)	Technology under development			
Molten Carbonate fuel Cells (MCFC)	Technology under development			



# Onboard Hydrogen storage/generation ..

## Primary driver

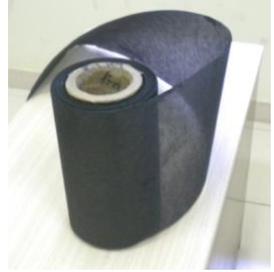
N  
M  
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Technology	Additional LOX compliance	Gaseous effluent (cause noise)	Life	Hydrogen qty
Metal hydride	Nil ✓	Nil ✓	Low ✗	Low ✗
Diesel Reforming	High ✗	High ✗	Uncertain ✗	Medium ✓
Methanol reforming	Low ✓	Low ✓	High ✓	high ✓
Borohydride hydrolysis	nil ✓	nil ✓	high ✓	high ✓



N  
M  
R  
L

# NMRL competence in fuel cells technology



- **Materials for Phosphoric acid fuel cells (PAFC)**
  - Complete material solutions for PAFC 1996-1998
    - Catalyst, moulded graphite bipolar plate, carbon paper, sealants, acid holder matrix etc. (innovations patented)
  - Indian Industry partner developed for all materials
- **Fuel cell Stack 1998-2003**
  - PAFC stacks 1-3kw
  - PAFC technology for production transferred to industry
- **Fuel cell power plant 2003-2009**
  - Compact packaged methanol reformer for fuel cell Field use (any fuel cell) with filters if required upto 15kw power plant





# Upgradation of Fuel cell Stacks for Marine grade ruggedization & Compaction

N  
M  
R  
L



- 6kw, N6  
(2011)



- 9kw, N9
- Shock/vibration –ok  
(2013)



- 11.5 kw, N11
- Rugged cocoon
- Shock /vibration –ok  
(2015)

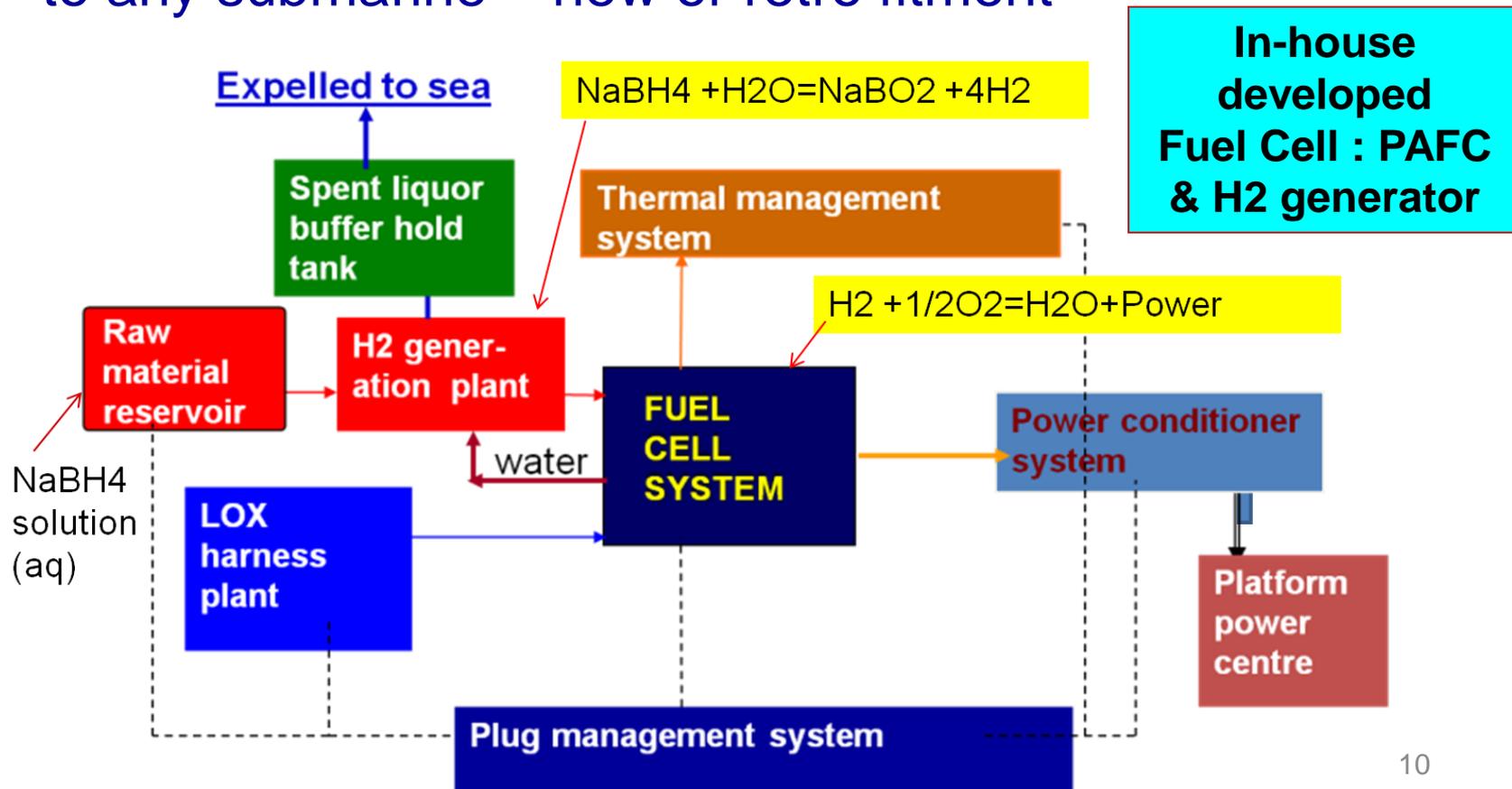
Knowhow transferred to Industry partner & is completely industrialized

Possible to use upto 500kw power generation by series /parallel connection



# Air Independent Propulsion (AIP) Technology Conceptualized & Developed in NMRL

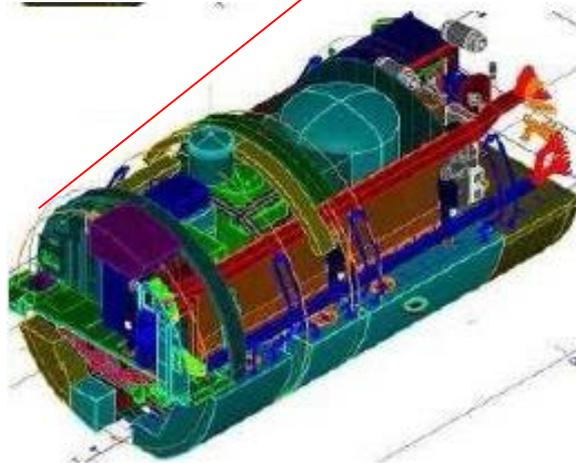
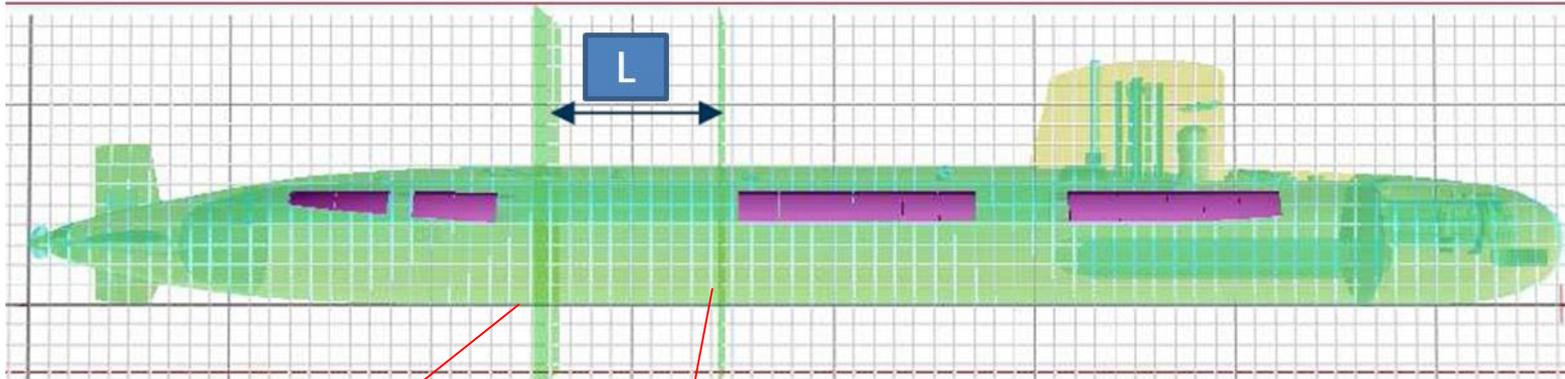
- Present system configuration is customized for P-75 Submarines;
- Flexible modular design approach allows adaptation to any submarine – new or retro fitment





# NMRL developed Fuel Cell AIP for integration to ongoing P-75 Submarine

N  
M  
R  
L



- Fuel Cell based AIP is integrated in a additional section (AIP plug) and inserted to the Submarine
- Open architecture plant proven
- Prototype conforming to Submarine stds. Under advanced phase of development



# Novel H<sub>2</sub> Provision for futuristic FC based AIP

N

- Ammonia electrolysis

- Advantages

- Small fraction of power required for splitting ammonia
- Quick startup and simple system
- Highly suitable for very long endurance

M

R

- Challenges

- Safety solution for carrying pressurised fuel
- Noise reduction due to Nitrogen (by-product) bubbling out

L

- Al / Gallium liquid metal alloy based generator

- Advantages

- Quick startup and pumpable liquid alloy (>40°C)
- All solid by products, possible to contain within submarine

- Disadvantages

- Safety solutions for explosive reaction with water in case of storage breach



# 1000 F ELECTROCHEMICAL SUPER CAPACITOR

Polymer based **electrochemical super capacitors** with very **high capacitance** and **high power density**, **excellent cycle life**.

## ➤ **Configuration**

- ✓ **Capacitance:** 100 F-1000 F
- ✓ **Voltage:** 0-2.5 V (  $V_{max}$ :2.75 V)
- ✓ **ESR:** 15 to 35 m ohm
- ✓ **Operating Temp.:** -40 to 55 °C

## ➤ **Applications**

- ✓ Fuel cells
- ✓ Sonar
- ✓ Telecommunication systems
- ✓ Portable Power Pack Systems
- ✓ Cranking of engines
- ✓ Electric vehicle

## ➤ **Status:**

- ✓ Technology available for transfer





N

M

R

L

THANK YOU