Presentation on

Sustainable and ESG Practices Indian Specialty Chemical Industry

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Sustainability & ESG



"Sustainability"

Comes from the Latin word "Sustenere"

Sus "Up"

Tenere "To hold"

Literally this means "Uphold"

Sustainability & ESG



"Definition"

"Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

Heubach India

Indian Chemical & Speciality Chemical Industry



- US\$ 178 billion in 2019 and 304 billion in 2025.
- 9% growth per annum contributes 300 billion to India's GDP by 2025.
- Investment of US\$ 108 billion by 2025.
- Specialty chemical industry is 22% of total chemicals in India.
- Demand @12% CAGR.
- Global share increases from 3% to 4%.
- 50% increase year on year in CAPEX.
- Revenue growth 19-20% in 2022 v/s 9 -10% in 2021.

ESG: Environment, Social, Governance



We see ESG drive 6 major transitions for our overall economy

- 1 Energy and carbon
- 2 Resources and circular
- 3 Mobility and cities
- Food and health
- 5 Social and community



























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Different Strokes for Different Folks



	Inorganics				Petrochemicals		Specialty, fine, and ag chemicals								
	Industrial Gases	Chlor-Alkali	Other inorganics	Organic base chemicals	Polymers& plastics	Specialty polymers	Care and cleaning chemica	Coatings, pigments, adhesives, sealants	Electronic chemicals	Construction chemicals	Lubricants	Catalysts	Food and feed additives, nutrition, API	Agrichemicals	
1 Energy and carbon															
2 Resources and circular															
3 Mobility and cities															
4 Food and															
health 5 Social and															
community															
6 Finance and value															
High downside risk Moderate risk		Limited disruption		Sor	Some upside		Significant value creation opportunity								

ESG: Strategy





Environment



Waste

Safe disposal, recycling, reuse or recovery of materials



GHG Emissions

Reducing & offsetting emissions contributing to the greenhouse effect



Air & water quality

Lowering emissions & effluents impacting air and water quality



Water management

Responsible water use throughout operations



Biodiversity & animal welfare

Protecting and enhancing natural ecosystems and wildlife; ensuring animal welfare



Land use

Ensuring long-term productive potential of land, stewardship of forests and other habitats



Material use

Responsible use and re-use of natural resources, from extraction to end use

EXAMPLE

S



Social



Product & service safety

Safe products & services for customers; responsible/ fair sales & advertising



Health & wellness

Positive health impact of products and services on customers; responsible formulations



Digital privacy & security

Trustworthy management and use of customer & other stakeholder data



Employee health & safety

Work environment safety for direct (employees) and indirect (supply chain) workers



Decent work

Correct labor standards for both direct & suppliers' workforce; human rights; fair wages



Community relations

Equitable interactions with communities and society beyond the workforce



Diversity & inclusion

Practices and culture promoting diversity and inclusion, inside company and beyond

G



Governance



chain

Fair sourcing Fair practices for suppliers and

throughout supply



Anti-competitive behavior

Non-predatory practices related to market position



Indirect economic impacts

Sensitivity to indirect impacts on external populations of firm's economic activity



Transparency & risk management

Responsible disclosure and management of risks



Governance & corruption

Norms and practices relating to good governance and ethics, e.g. bribery, board diversity



Tax

Fair tax payment and practice



Geopolitics

Sensitively navigating complex geopolitical issues and dynamics

Hypothesis on priority issues

Indian industry perspective



There are a few pillars of sustainability

- 1) Economic demand
- 2) Environmental friendly chemical engineering
- 3) Environmental resource management
- 5) Environment protection
- 6) Societal requirements
- 7) Responsible Care

Key Factors



- Economic sustainability is the key
- Better use of raw material and utilities will reduce cost.
- Process optimization and intensification will reduce cost.
- Product development and R&D will open new and profitable segments.
- Globally sized capacities will ensure optimized costs.

Key Factors



- Focus on R&D and development of optimized processes which also result in optimized recourse management
- Put in the resources required for environment protection and waste management

Heubach India: Brief Case Study



- Heubach ,India was incorporated in 1993 having three manufacturing sites at Ankleshwar and one site is under construction at Dahej .
- State of art manufacturing facilities .
- We are the only company in world implemented Integrated
 Waste Management system in phthalocyanine chemistry.
- Integrated Management system implemented since 2005.
- Started first dioxin testing facility in India since 2002.
- Aluminium Hydroxide (Pharma grade) and Hydrotalcite are manufactured from by-product.
- Focus on waste minimization and green chemistry.

Heubach India: Brief Case Study



- 25% of total energy consumed sourced from Renewable sources.
- We have installed two wind turbines each having capacity of 2.1 MW.
- Pressure reduction turbine is used in place of pressure reduction valve for Steam.
- Many programmes are undertaken regularly under various CSR schemes.
- Legal and Regulatory compliance are implemented and monitored regularly by various management teams.

Green Chemistry Hierarchy



Source Reduction

Procedural Changes
Technology Changes
Input Material Changes
Product Changes

Most Preferred Approach

Recycling Reuse

Solvents Recovery System

Waste Separation

Dedicated Treatment for Ammonical Nitrogen Contained stream

Waste Concentration

Generation of 24% Ammonia Liquor

Waste Exchange

Separation of Copper Sludge

Waste Treatment

Comprehensive Treatment
Plan

Ultimate Disposal

Least Preferred Approach

Pollution Prevention

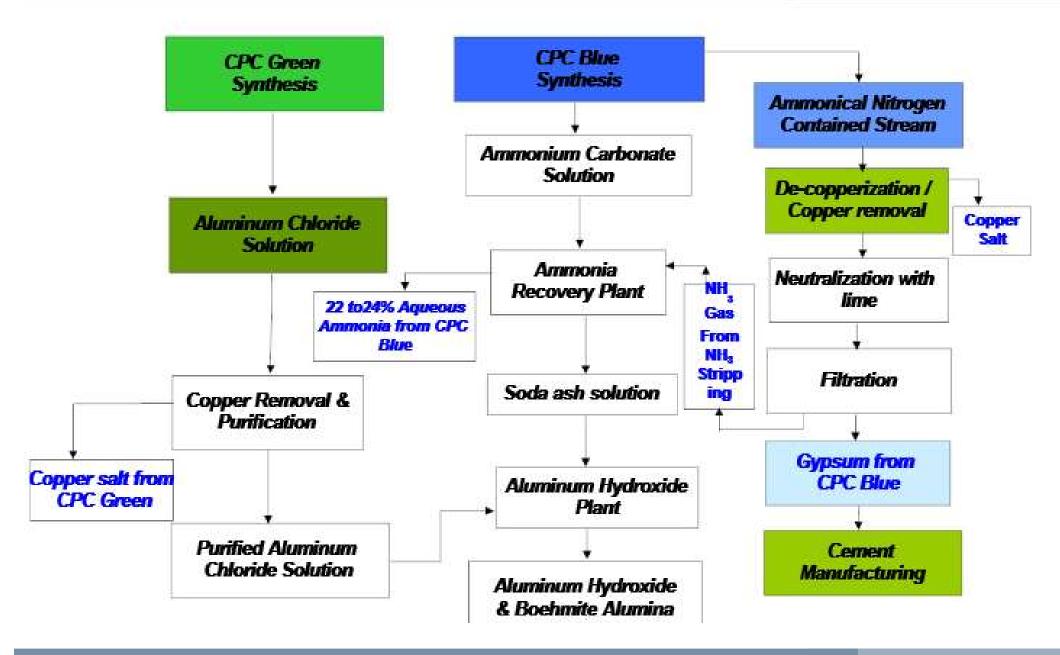


- **Process optimization for waste minimization**
- Process improvement to yield better conversion
- State of the art technology for solvent recovery
- **Ammonia Recovery Plant**
- **Ammonia Stripping Plant**
- **Aluminium Hydroxide Plant**
- **Copper Recovery Facility**
- **Waste Management:**
 - Granular Activated Carbon Treatment Facility
 - Plastic and Hazardous waste recycling

Slide 14

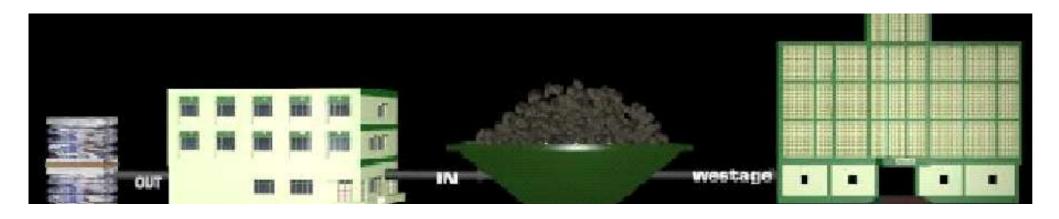
Integrated Waste Management





ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE PLANT-"Unparalleled"





1 MT ← ALUMINIUM HYD.

PLANT

13 MT

GREEN PLANT

Sludge

1 MT CPC Green

Hydroxide Gel – IP / BP / USP

Dried Aluminium

Production 1 Ton CPC Green

No Environmental Consideration

13 Tons Sludge Solid Waste Generated Environment degradation

By Responsible Care

1 Ton Dried Aluminium Hydroxide Pharma Grade (Commercial Product)

Process Optimisation



- Key product produced is copper phthalocyanine blue
- Key raw material is urea
- Generation of ammonical nitrogen in waste water is a serious issue
- Typically 1 ton of CPC uses 1.4 tons of urea
- Heubach set up a new CPC plant reducing use of urea to 1:1 or about 1/3
- Win-win situation with reduction in cost of raw material, reduction in ammonical nitrogen towards sustainability.

Right & Responsibility



You cannot escape the responsibility of tomorrow by evading it today.

Abraham Lincoln

It is easy to dodge our responsibilities, but we cannot dodge the consequences of dodging our responsibilities.



Thank You